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THE EARLY GENERATIONS OF THE SEABROOK FAMILY

Compiled by MABEL L. WEBBER

The arms given in the family papers, imperfectly blazoned are: "A red cross on silver shield, a black cross crosslet fitchée. *Crest*: hand erect holding a red cross".

Burke's *Armorie* (1851) gives for Seabrook, *Arms*: Argent, a lion pass, gules, in chief a cross crosslet fitchée sable.

Crest: a hand erect, holding a cross crosslet in pale gules.

In this attempt to give some account of the earlier generations of the Seabrooks, a prominent and influential family who settled in Colleton County sometime before 1680, only the public records have been used, for such family accounts as the Compiler had access to, were mainly traditional, and did not agree with data found in the public records. As the Colleton records before 1865 have been destroyed, and the Charleston records show many sad gaps and the Seabrooks, as a rule, seemed to have failed to leave wills, there are several problems which have been settled by negative, rather than positive evidence.

Much valuable assistance has been given by D. E. Huger Smith, Esq. and M. Alston Read, Esq. both in collecting the material and in solving the various interesting problems which presented themselves.

1

Captain Robert Seabrook (1652–1710), an English Merchant, was the ancestor of the South Carolina family; he came to the province before June, 1680, and, from the will of his son John, he appears to have come from Dunstable, in the County of Bedford. As Robert Seabrook, merchant, he gets a warrant in June, 1680, for 200 acres of land, and warrants, dated Feb. 17 and 18, 1680/1 for two town lots in Charles Town, and in August 1683 one for 80 acres for the importation of two servants.[1]

In January, 1692/3, he was granted lot no. 159 in Charles Town for a church yard[2] [sic]

[1] *Land Warrents*, 1689–1692.

[2] Grant Book in Columbia, S. C., also this *Magazine*, Vol. IX, p. 21.

In August 1692, he was accused of holding "unlawful Commerce wth pyratts selling unto them provisions arms & ammunition," and was fined.[3]

In April, 1697, he bought 2700 acres of land in Colleton County, and his son John bought 2080 acres.[4] He was a Commissioner under the Church Act of Nov. 4, 1704;[5] was a Member of Assembly and speaker of the House in 1705,[6] and commanded a company from the Islands during the French Invasion in 1706.[7]

Robert Seabrook died December 7, 1710, in his 59th year, and his wife Sarah died June 16, 1715, in her 47th year; they, with their son Benjamin, were buried at the old St. Pauls Church, Stono, near Church Flats, where their tombstones still remain.[8]

Robert Seabrook left a will, which is missing; from other wills, deeds, and inventories, he appears to have had children as given below, order of birth unknown. Sarah was probably a second wife, for according to her tombstone she was seventeen years younger than her husband, and the manhood dates of John Seabrook, son of Robert, make it seem unlikely that he could have been her son.

Robert Seabrook (1) had issue:

2. i. John Seabrook, of age by 1697, therefore born 1676 or earlier. Will made 1706; married Ann—
3. ii(?). Thomas Seabrook, of age by 1712, therefore born 1691 or earlier; latest date found concerning him is 1720; married Mary—?
4. iii. Ann Seabrook, married William Parrott, of James Island; she was born 1700 or earlier, and was still living in Dec. 1757, when her son Benjamin made his will.
5. iv. Martha Seabrook, married Capt. Arthur Hall. She was buried June 5, 1733 (St. Andrews Reg).[9]

[3] *Journal of the Grand Council*, April–Sept. 1692, pp. 54 and 60.

[4] This *Magazine*, vol. X, p. 238.

[5] Dalcho, p. 61.

[6] Rivers, *Historical Sketches*, p. 227; Oldmixon in *Narratives of Early Carolina*, p. 358.

[7] M^c^Crady, Vol. 1, p. 398.

[8] This *Magazine*, vol. XI, pp. 72–73.

[9] This *Magazine*, vol. XIII, p. 109.

6. v. Robert Seabrook, died without issue in 1720; married Mary Whitmarsh.
   vi. Benjamin Seabrook, buried at St. Pauls' Stono, (Church Flats), died 7 Jan. 1717 in his 19th year.
7. vii. Joseph Seabrook, died intestate before 1743; married Elizabeth Whitmarsh.

2

John Seabrook (Robert, 1) of Colleton Co. Born before 1676; purchased 2080 acres of land May 15, 1697. Made his will April 15, 1706 (no date of proof); he died before Jan. 1712.

In his will[10] he describes himself as John Seabrook of Colleton County, and mentions the following:

Poor of the Parish of Dunstable, County of Bedford, England £100 Sterling. Eldest son of Joseph Peddiphett living in the Barbican near Aldersgate London, £50 Sterling.

Eldest son of Joseph Fossey of "Hochley in the Whole" Middlesex, £50 Sterling. Wife Ann Seabrook £200 currency of So. Ca. in lieu of her thirds. Father, Robert Seabrook £200 currency in trust for daughter Martha when sixteen or married. Son James Seabrook £500 currency when 20, clear of all charges for his education &c. To Brothers and Sisters [not named] £20 currency each. To father Robert Seabrook Esq. of Colleton Co., all lands, negro and Indian slaves, horses, cattle, hogs and stock whatsoever. Father Robert Seabrook sole executor, Dated 15 April, 1706 [date of proof not given, but the will just before this was proved in April 1712, and the one following proved in May, 1712.] Witnesses, Evan Mackpherson, Hugh Hext, Benjamin X Lamboll [mark] and Henry Wigington.

In January, 1712, an act was passed to enable Capt. Arthur Hall, Capt. John Whitmarsh, and Mr. Robert Seabrook, administrators of John Seabrook, late of the Province of Carolina, planter deceased, with will annexed, to sell the lands of said John Seabrook to pay his debts, legacies &c.

John Seabrook (2) had issue:

1. Martha, no further record.
2. James, no further record.
3. Child unborn in 1706 no further record.

[10] Probate Court, Charleston. Book 1711–1718, p. 35.

3.

Thomas Seabrook (Robert, 1). The inference is strong that Thomas was a son of Capt. Robert, but no conclusive proof of the relationship has been found. On 26 Dec. 1712,[11] as Thomas Seabrook of Colleton Co., planter, he mortgages to Capt. Arthur Hall, John Whitmarsh and Robert Seabrook, administrators, with will annexed, of John Seabrook, two plantations in Colleton County 2080 acres on the west side of the Ashepoo River, and 380 acres adjoining, in all 2460 acres bounded east on the river; William Parrott. Edmund Cook and William Allen witnesses. The number of acres first mentioned, 2080, agrees with the number purchased by John Seabrook in 1697; probably Thomas Seabrook purchased John Seabrook's lands, giving a mortgage on same. On 23d. January, 1715/16, as Thomas Seabrook, of Colleton, planter, he gave a bond[12] to Capt. Anthony Mathewes of Charles Town for £997 current money, and mortgaged to Mathewes the following Slaves: Negroes, Jolly, Sampson, Daffiny Betty and ffrancisca; two Indian men, Peter and Anthony, and four Indian women, Catrena, Judy, Hager and Sarah.

The latest date yet found for Thomas Seabrook was 16 April 1720, when, with William Parrott and Lud. Grant he witnessd a deed[13] of release from Arthur Hall and Martha his wife to Robert Seabrook, of 372 acres, Wadmalaw Island, adjoining land formerly Richard Underwood's, then Samuel Underwoods, being part of 1800 acres surveyed and run out April 1699 for Capt. Robert Seabrook, and conveyed 21 Aug. 1710, by deed of gift to Arthur Hall from his father-in-law, Capt Robert Seabrook.

Thomas Seabrook appears to have married twice. There is a Seabrook group, which by careful examination and elimination, seem to be the children of Thomas by Mary——, who was probably a kinswoman of the Hexts', for Alexander Hext, in his will, made 16 July 1736[14] leaves most of his estate to John and Richard Seabrook, Sarah Green, Mary, Elizabeth and Susannah Seabrook, children of Mrs. Mary Seabrook, but does not mention a relationship. John Seabrook of the Hext will, had a brother Benjamin

[11] Probate Court, Bk. 1714–17, p. 148.
[12] Probt. Ct., 1714–1717, p. 261.
[13] M. C. O. G., p. 247.
[14] This *Mazagine*, vol. 6, p. 30.

who is not mentioned in the said will; this possibly points to his having a different mother.

Thomas Seabrook (3) seems to have had issue by a first wife, name unknown:

i. Benjamin Seabrook of St. Paul's parish, born 1716 or earlier. Married 7th April, 1737, Mary Bonneau.[15] On Dec. 13, 1745,[16] John Seabrook of John's Island, gentleman, gives to Thomas Farr of Charlestown gentleman as trustee, in consideration of love and affection which he (said John Seabrook) bears to his brother Benjamin Seabrook and Mary the wife of said Benjamin, and Elizabeth the daughter of Benjamin and Mary, five negro slaves (named), for the use of wife and daughter of said Benjamin Seabrook, without his interference, and any other child born to said Benmanin and Mary. On the death of Benjamin Seabrook, Thos. Farr to convey said five slaves to the said Elizabeth Seabrook, and any other child of Benjamin and Mary. If Benjamin die without issue, then one half of slaves to Mary, wife of said Benjamin Seabrook and the other half to return to John Seabrook or his estate.

On Feb. 3d, 1753[17] Benjamin Seabrook, as administrator, makes returns from the sale of the estate of Mrs. Mary Seabrook at Ashley Ferry; the purchasers at the sale were George Saxby and Wm. Harvey (sons-in-law of Mrs. Mary Seabrook), Benjamin Seabrook, and Mrs. Bosomworth (her daughter). It is not easy to distinguish between this Benjamin Seabrook, and Benjamin the son of Joseph (9), but that they are not one and the same is evident; the further history of this Benjamin has not been recovered.

Thomas Seabrook had issue by Mary—:

ii. John Seabrook, of St. Bartholomew's Parish, born 1719 or earlier, died before June, 1750; married before March

[15] This *Magazine* vol. XIII, p. 160.

[16] Probt. Ct., 1767–71, p. 5.

[17] Probate Court, Inventory Book 1753–56.

18, 1740[18] Mary, daughter of Christopher Wilkinson and his last wife Elizabeth, for upon that date Lieut. Gov. Bull directed Robert Yonge, Henry Williamson and David Crawford to appraise the estate of Christopher Wilkinson, and to apportion to Mary, daughter of said Wilkinson, who had lately married John Seabrook of St. Bartholomew's parish, her share of the property.

John Seabrook made his will 21 Jan. 1743, proved 22 June 1750;[19] mentions his mother Mary Seabrook; his wife Mary Seabrook and any issue he may have by her; if no issue, then sisters Susanna Seabrook and Elizabeth Seabrook, neice Mary Green; lands on Stono and John's Island; Mr. James Mathewes of Charlestown, and George Saxby, Executors; Miles Brewton, Hen: Christie and James Drummond witnesses. His widow married 26 Feb. 1756, Thomas Legarè (St. Philips Register Mss.) John Seabrook seems to have left no issue.

iii. Sarah Seabrook, born 1720 or earlier, married before 1736 Daniel Green Jr., by whom she had one daughter, Mary Green, born 27 March, 1737/8. She married second Joseph Jones of Johns Island, who, 15 April, 1741,[20] makes provision for Mary Green, infant daughter of his late wife Sarah Green; and if said Mary Green die, then to John Seabrook, Mary Harvey, Elizabeth Seabrook and Susannah Seabrook; Alexander Hext, trustee.

iv. Mary Seabrook, born 1724 or earlier, married Augt. 23, 1739,[21] William Harvey Jr. (1717–1784). They had issue: (1) Joseph Harvey born and died, 1745, (2). Mary Harvey, married first Wm. Wilson, second, John Champneys. (3) Alexander Harvey, attorney, admitted to Court of Common Pleas in 1771; who was a Tory, estates confiscated in 1783; he died insane in

[18] P. C., 1736–40, p. 194.
[19] P. C., 1747–1752, p. 296.
[20] P. C., 1746–49, p. 123.
[21] This *Magazine*, vol. XIII, p. 219.

England.[22] (4). Wm. Henry Harvey, died Sept. 13, 1783, aged 25 years.[23]

v. Elizabeth Seabrook, married Dec. 13, 1741, Geo Saxby,[24] who held several public offices in the Province, being Receiver-General of his Majesty's Quit-rents in 1763;[25] he was stamp distributor in 1765, and in October of that year, about the time of his return from England, his house on Tradd Street was visited by a mob, who ransacked it, doing considerable damage, in the search for stamped paper.[26] Mrs. Gabriel Manigault, in her diary (Mss. in Hist. Soc.) under date of Oct. 19, 1765 enters the item "Mr Saxby hung in effigy." Mrs. Elizabeth Saxby died in England, late in the 18th, or early in the 19th Century.

vi. Richard Seabrook, baptized Oct. 23, 1735,[27] died young.

vii. Susannah Seabrook, baptized Oct. 23, 1736,[27] married first, 2d Nov., 1749, at Ashley Ferry, Abraham Bosomworth, Esq., agent for Indian Affairs; the newpaper account of her marriage states that she was "endowed with all agreeable accomplishments, and a fortune of £15000."[28] She married second, Hugh Penfield, and died in England.[29]

4

Ann Seabrook (Robert, 1.), married William Parrot, of James Island. William Parrot made his will Jan. 24, 1734/5, proved, Sept. 15, 1735, mentions wife Ann Parrot, daughter Ann Rivers, son Benjamin Parrot under 21. Mrs. Ann Parrot was living when her son Benjamin made his will in 1757. Ann Seabrook and William Parrott had issue: (1) Ann Parrot, married Nov. 23, 1733.[30] Robert Rivers Jr. of James Island; she died in March,

[22] Mss. Harvey Genealogy, compiled by M. L. Webber.
[23] *S. C. Weekly Gazette*, Sept. 20, 1783.
[24] *St. Philip's Register*, p. 176.
[25] *S. C. Almanack*, Andrews, 1763.
[26] McCrady, *S. C. under Royal Govt.*, 1719–1776, p. 566.
[27] This *Magazine*, vol. XIII, p. 160.
[28] *S. C. Gazette*, Nov. 6, 1749.
[29] M. C O. Z. No. 3, p. 211.
[30] This *Magazine*, vol. XIII, p. 110.

1758,[31] leaving issue. (2) Benjamin Parrot, baptized May 6, 1722;[32] buried Jan. 9, 1757/8;[33] married, Aug. 7, 1746,[34] Ann, daughter of Joseph Rivers of James Island, and had issue. Married second, May 27th, 1756,[35] Hannah Witter, widow. Will of Benjamin Parrott, of James Island, 16 Dec. 1757, proved 20 Jan. 1758, mentions: mother, Ann Parrott; daughters Sarah and Ann Parrott; "cousins" Frances Rivers and Robert Rivers, daughter and son of Robert Rivers; wife Hannah Parrott; brother-in-law Robert Rivers, and sister Ann Rivers, Executors.[36]

5

Martha Seabrook (Robert, 1.) married Captain (later Colonel) Arthur Hall; she died in June, 1733,[37] and Arthur Hall was buried at Stono Church, Oct. 7, 1732.[38]

Will of Arthur Hall made 27 June, 1732, codicil 6 Sept., 1732; proved 29 Feb., 1732/3, mentions: Wife Martha, son Robert Seabrook Hall, (under 20); daughter Mary Osmund, wife of James Osmund; daughter Martha Hall (under 18); dau. Ann Hall (under 18); son Christopher Hall; wife enceint; grandson Joseph Cattell Jr.; grand-dau. Martha Cattell; daughter Sarah Cattell; grandson Henry Peronneau; dau. Elizabeth Peronneau; his interest in Seabrook's Island to bro-in-law Joseph Seabrook upon his paying &c.; friend Andrew Rutledge; Wife Martha, sons-in-law Henry Peronneau and James Osmund, and friend John Raven, Executors; Elizabeth Story, J. Cumming and Arch[d] Hamilton, witnesses. Codicil: brother William Perot [sic] and his son Benjamin Perot, legacy left him by brother Alexander Collins.[39]

Will of Martha Hall, 12 May, 1733, recorded 29 August, 1733,[40] mentions in addition to above, a daughter Susannah.

[31] *Ibid.*, vol. XIV, p. 158.
[32] *Ibid.*, vol. XIII, p. 22.
[33] *Ibid.*, vol. XIV, p. 158.
[34] *Ibid.*, p. 35.
[35] *Ibid.* p. 153.
[36] P. C., Book P. R. p. 531.
[37] This *Magazine*, vol. XIII, p. 109.
[38] *Ibid.*, page 41.
[39] P. C., 1732–37 p. 17.
[40] *Ibid.*, page 51.

Martha Seabrook and Col. Arthur Hall had issue:

i. Robert Seabrook Hall.

ii. Mary Hall, married James Osmund 13 Ap., 1732 and had issue.

iii. Sarah Hall, married April 24, 1728 John Cattell, and had issue.

iv. Elizabeth Hall, married July 30th, 1728, Henry Peronneau, and had issue.

v. Martha Hall married Nov. 3, 1738 James Michie, and had issue.

vi. Ann Hall, baptized Nov. 22, 1723, married April 17, 1740 William Stewart, and had issue.

vii. Catherine Hall, bapt. Mar. 5, 1726/7; buried June 26, 1728.

viii. Christopher Hall, bapt. July 5, 1730.

ix. Susannah Hall, born Sept. 19, 1732; buried Sept 1, 1734 St. Philips Reg.[41]

6

Robert Seabrook (Robert 1.) of Colleton County, died 1720; married Mary, daughter of Captain John Whitmarsh, had no issue. Made his will 22 Sept. 1720, proved same year (no day or month given); gives to wife Mary fourteen negro and Indian slaves, 372 acres on Wadmalaw, lately purchased of "my brother-in-law Major Arthur Hall," with the stock there; also one half of the stock of Seabrooks Island; also deed of gift to wife Mary, dated 8 Aug., 1720, confirmed; wife liberty to live at Seabrook's Island for life &c. Brother Joseph Seabrook, the island commonly called Seabrook's Island with the other half of stock of cattle horses &c. (reserving to wife Mary right to live there) and five slaves; new house on Wademalaw to be finished for wife Mary. If brother Joseph Seabrook refuse to pay all debts due from estate, then legacy to Joseph void, and wife Mary to inherit;

Sister Ann Parrott two slaves; "Cosen" Ann Parrott £50 currency; All wearing apparel to brother Joseph Seabrook;

Brother Joseph Seabrook and Hon. Landgrave Joseph Morton executors.

[41] Above dates from the Registers of St. Andrews, this *Magazine*, vols. XII–XIV, and Register of St. Philip's Parish,

Brother-in-law William Parrott, thirty head of cattle on Seabrook's Island bequeathed him by my father Capt. Robert Seabrook deceased. Samuel Underwood, Will. McGillevray and Danl. Mcffarland witnesses.[42]

On 8th May 1741[43] Henry Peronneau Jr. and James Osmund, surviving executors of Arthur Hall, convey to Wm. Stewart and James Michie, Seabrook's Island, reciting as follows: Grant 13 July 1694 to James Martel Goulard de Vervant, 1000 acres in Colleton Co. between Ashepoo and S. Edisto Rivers. . . . . Said de Vervant 12 Sept. 1694 sold to Robert Seabrook . . . . whereas by grant 9 Sept. 1694 to said Robert Seabrook, 244 acres in Colleton, N. on Marsh of So. Edisto; N. W. on Goulard de Vervant; W. on Ashepoo; S. & E. on marsh of said River . . . . and whereas grant 11 Jan., 1700, 110 acres to said Robert Seabrook, containing three islands . . . . making 1354 acres in all . . . . Said Robert Seabrook, by will 20 Sept., 1710, devised said lands by name Seabrook's Island . . . . to his son Robert Seabrook and his heirs, and for want of such heirs to Joseph and Benjamin Seabrook [then follows an obvious error as to Robert and Benjamin, for Robert is given as dying under age in the life time of his father &c.] . . . . land became vested in Joseph Seabrook, who 2 Nov., 1726, conveyed to Arthur Hall . . . . said Hall by will 27 June, 1732, devised to his bro. in law said Joseph Seabrook provided said Joseph paid &c. . . . . said Arthur Hall died 20 Sept. 1732 . . . . said Joseph on 19 Feb. 1734 had not paid the said sum; property became absolute in the executors of Hall . . . . therefore said Joseph Seabrook quit claimed &c.

This island later became the property of the Fenwick family, and is still known as Fenwick's Island[44]

7

Joseph Seabrook (Robert, 1.); this man is the ancestor of all the Seabrooks in the Coast region of South Carolina. He was a mem-

[42] P. C. 1671–1727, p. 130.

[43] M. C. O. V, p 396.

[44] For Sale, Seabrooks or Fenwick's Island . . . . originally known as Cartwrights, then Seabrooks, and lastly Fenwicks; situated between the Rivers Ashepoo and So. Edisto . . . . 1350 acres . . . . Robert Gibbs, Exor. of Edward Fenwick deceased. Adv. in *City Gazette*, Oct. 5, 1791.

ber of Assembly in February 1721.[45] Elizabeth, wife of Joseph Seabrook of Colleton County, renounces dower 30th January 1726, to the 1354 acres sold to Col. Arthur Hall.[46] He died intestate before June 10th, 1743, for on that date the inventory of his estate was filed by Elizabeth Seabrook, widow, administratrix; Joseph Russell, William Edings and James Cuthbert appraisers. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Whitmarsh Senr. of Colleton County. Joseph Seabrooks inventory lists fifty-one slaves; John Whitmarsh's will (made June 1st, 1718 proved 25 Jan. 1720) gives his daughter Elizabeth ten slaves, Indian Rose, Nancy, Andrew, Pompey, Tom, Tony, Ishmael, Phillico, Phebe and Pompey's Jenny; among Joseph Seabrooks slaves are listed; a wench Felico [sic], fellow Andrew, wench Jenny, wench Phebe, fellow Tom, fellow Tony, fellow Ismael and Old Pompey.

John Whitmarsh left his son John two tracts of land on Edisto Island, one of 500 acres and one of 100; also three tracts on creek out of Ashepoo River, and eight slaves; Daughter Edith [she married Joseph Elliott in 1724] two tracts of land on a branch of the Ashepoo River, 100 acres known as Turkey Hill, and 150 acres known as the Hills, eleven slaves, twenty cows from the cowpen on Ashepoo River; Daughter Martha [married William Fuller Jr. in 1727], 200 acres on Edisto, being the plantation on which Mr. Thomas Bower dwelt, and eleven slaves; Daughter Ann eight slaves; Daughter Elizabeth ten slaves; Son John cattell, hogs &c at cowpen on Ashepoo River; House hold goods to be divided between his children, also all personal estate "beyond the seas" on the snow call *John Adventure;* Crops, cattle, sheep, hogs, horses on Edisto Island to be sold; Rest of personal estate to friends Benjamin Cattell and Robert Seabrook, who are also the executors, June 1, 1718. Proved 25 Jan., 1719/20.[47]

The daughters are mentioned by their first names only, but the evidence is that they were all except Martha and Edith, married before the will was made; Mary to Robert Seabrook, Elizabeth to Joseph Seabrook, and Ann to Benjamin Cattell of St. Andrew's parish. Ann Cattell, in a deed of gift to her son John Cattell,

[45] S. C. Hist. Commission, Columbia. Journal of Assembly, 1716–20, p. 43 Mss.

[46] Clerk of Courts Office. Dower Book, 1726–'35 p. 32.

[47] P. C., 1671–1727, p. 107.

dated 21 May 1733, of 420 acres on Edisto, recites the grant of same to her grandfather Thomas Bower, and his giving her same by will.[48] Her son Benjamin Cattell made his will 14 Nov. 1759,[49] and describes himself as Benjamin Cattell (son of the late Benjamin Cattell deceased) of St. Andrew's parish and mentions:

Vestry and church wardens of St. Andrew's parish, £500 for a free school; Whitmarsh Fuller, (son of William Fuller deceased) plantation of 441 acres on the North side of Ashley River, in St. Andrews parish [part of three different tracts]; Kinsman Robert Seabrook 319 acres at Horse shoe, St. Bartholomew's parish Benjamin Cattell, (infant son of William Cattell Jr. deceased) plantation "Where I now live" 730 acres in St. Andrews, also 160 acres pine land on South Side of the Ashley River; Rev. Charles Martyn [he married April 13, 1755 Sarah Fuller] land in Colleton County now in his tenure by lease; negro man Gunner his freedom and £10 a year; negro woman Bellar, freedom and £10 a year; Mrs. Mary Smith, wife of his overseer John Smith, £30 a year for life; Ralph Wood, son of Henry Wood deceased, £100 when 21; Thomas Rivers, son of Thomas Rivers, £200 when 21; Rest of estate to William Fuller, Benjamin Fuller, said Whitmarsh Fuller, Joseph Seabrook, Benjamin Seabrook, John Seabrook, and Rev. Charles Martyn, "my friends and relations;" appoints Wm. Fuller, Benjamin Fuller, Whitmarsh Fuller, Revd. Charles Martyn, Joseph Seabrook, Benjamin Seabrook, Robert Seabrook, and John Seabrook "my kinsmen" to be executors. Proved 23 Jan. 1761, All the executors qualified.

From the above evidence it appears that Joseph Seabrook married Elizabeth Whitmarsh, and had issue (order of birth unknown):

8. i. Joseph Seabrook (later known as Joseph Seabrook Senr.) died about 1790.
9. ii. Benjamin Seabrook, died about 1780.
10. iii. Robert Seabrook, died 1775.
11. iv. John Seabrook 1731–1783 (tombstone on Edisto Island).

(*To be continued*)

[48] M. C. O.- Bk. L, p. 55.
[49] P. C., 1760–67, page 20.